

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Yocona Water Association, INC.

360017 List PWS ID #s for all Water Systems Covered by this CCR

confide	deral Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a consumer nee report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.
Please 2	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
: }	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: 6/21/10
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed://
X	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: The Oxford Eagle
	Date Published: 6 /15 /10
 L. J	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted://
1 .	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address: www
CERTI	FICATION .
the forn consiste	certify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is not with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State tent of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Name	Tite) (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.) A Date
	Mail Completed Form to: Bureau of Public Water Supply/P.O. Box 1700/Jackson, MS 39215 Phone: 601-576-7518

AECEIVED - WATER SUPFI

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Yocona Water Association, Inc. PWS#:0360017 June 2010

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Yocona Water Association, Inc. have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact James E. Parks at 662-234-0009. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for Tuesday, July 6 2010 at 7:00 PM at the Yocona Fire Department.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RES	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contami	inants						
10. Barium	N	2009	.028	.026028	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.5	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbin

									systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2009	.104	.733885	ppm		4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2008*	1	0	ppb		0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	on By-	Product	S						
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2009	7.2	No Range	ppb	0			y-product of drinking water hlorination.
Chlorine	N	2009	1.04	.60 – 1.35	ppm	0	MDRL		Vater additive used to control nicrobes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Yocona Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Notice: A copy of this report will not be mailed to each customer; however a copy can be obtained by calling 662.234.0009.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

PRINTER'S FEE \$

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI LAFAYETTE COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, a notary public in and for said county and State, the undersigned

Tim Phillips

Who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Co-Publisher of the Oxford Eagle, a newspaper published daily in the City of Oxford, in said county and State, and that the said newspaper has been published for more than one year and that years Water association - PWS# 0360017 Quality Report a true copy of which is hereto attached was published for _ ユ ____ consecutive weeks in said newspaper as follows:

VOLUME 142

NO.

ane 15,2010

Sworn to and subscribed before me this

My commission expires

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Yocona Water Association. Inc. PWSF0380017 June 2010

White pleasing to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to below you about the quality water and services we defined to proceed you water. Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to below you about the quality water and services we defined to proceed you water. Our contents good is to provide you wish a sale and of proceeds supply of design water. We are compared to receive the quality of proceedings and proceeds and proceeds and proceeds were reported. We are committed assigned the quality of your water. Our water process and proceedings were reported to the proceeding of the proceeding of the proceeding of the proceeding of the proceedings and proceedings are provided to see the proceedings of the process of the process of the process of the proceedings of the process of the p

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Yocona Water Association, Inc. 758 Highway 334 Oxford, MS 38655 (662) 234-0009

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TYPE		READING	USED	CHARGES	
SERVICE	PRESENT	PREVIOUS		15.00	Į
Water	301920	301310	010	15.00	



Yocona Water Association, Inc.

CUSTOMER	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER THIS DATE
ROUTE ACCOUNT 334	7/10/10
C RETAROURT TO BE PAID.	GROSS AMOUNT TO BE PAID
15.00	16.50
	Annual Control of the

MAIL THIS STUB WITH YOUR PAYMENT

228 CR 461

Service From 5/15/2010 TO 6/18/2010 ACCOUNT 334 6/21/10

NOTE: When water pressure is lost, call 662-234-0009

and boil water for the next 48 hours.

Annual Consumer Confidence meeting will be held July 6, 2010 at 7:00 p.m. at Yocona Fire Department.

JENNINGS, PAUL 228 CR 461 OXFORD MS 38655